



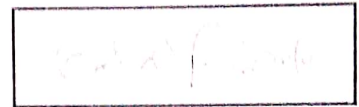
**ELIZADE  
UNIVERSITY  
ILARA-MOKIN**

**FACULTY: Basic and Applied Sciences  
DEPARTMENT: Physical and Chemical  
SECOND SEMESTER B.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATIONS  
2017/2018 ACADEMIC SESSION**

**COURSE CODE: AGP 418**

**COURSE TITLE: RADIOMETRIC PROSPECTING METHOD**

**DURATION: 2 Hours**



**TOTAL MARKS: 60 MARKS**

**Matriculation Number: \_\_\_\_\_**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Write your matriculation number in the space provided above and also on the cover page of the exam booklet.
2. This question paper consists of 2 pages including this page.
3. Attempt any three (3) questions.

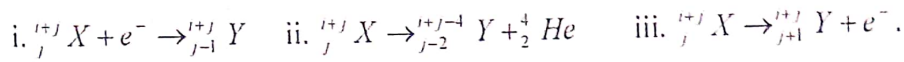
1 (a) Discuss various modes of interaction of gamma rays with matter.

(b) Write on the following:

- i. Quenching agent; and ii. Ionization chamber

20 Marks

2 (a) From the following transition of a radioelement X to Y:



i. Identify the type of transition involved in each of the above reactions

ii. Describe the condition of the atom X before and after its transformation to the element Y.

(b) Explain concisely nuclear disintegration

20 Marks

3 (a) Describe the term half-life of a radionuclide and show that the half-life of an element,  $T_{1/2} = 0.693\lambda^{-1}$

(b) Discuss various modes of interaction of gamma rays with matter.

20 Mark

4 (a) Describe a 4 - channel gamma - ray spectrometer using a block diagram.

(b) Explain with a graph how a Geiger - Muller counter will respond to different voltage during radioactive measurement.

20 Marks

5 (a) Discuss in detail, the operational principles of Geiger - Muller counter.

(b) Explain in relationship to mode of  $\gamma$ -ray interaction with matter, the  $\gamma$ -ray absorption efficiency in sodium iodide crystal. Use diagram where applicable.

20 Marks

6. The table given shows the readings obtained with a  $\gamma$ -ray spectrometer along a traverse perpendicular to foliation across a granite-gneiss outcrop. Given that  $k_1 = 0.6$ ,  $k_2 = 0.13$ ,  $k_3 = 0.02$ ,  $S_1 = 1.0$ ,  $S_2 = 1.5$ , and  $S_3 = 1.7$ ;

(i) determine the Th, U and K content at each station

(ii) plot profiles for each element as well as a profile of the Th : U ratio.

Station	Spectrometer readings (cpm)		
	Tc	Uc	Kc
0	13	28	198
100	8	27	243
200	25	36	218
300	15	30	193
400	15	30	197
500	8	21	233

20 Marks